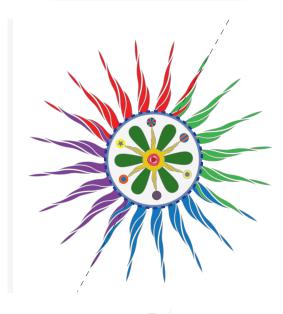
Pin Point Me

You in Profile

How you are Intelligent / Knowing

How you are Intellectually Functional

PPM Report









PPM Report

Your PPM Report identifies your multiple learning dimensions' mix that may enhance your academic achievement. The report may also help you in finding a pathway that is right for you. The report consists of three sections that highlight How you are Intelligent / Knowing, How you are Intellectually Functional, and your Belief Systems - how you construe "ability".

These represent key factors and they are important in the realisation of your self-efficacy beliefs, as they play a critical role in your cognitive /perceptive functioning, motivation and self-regulation.

Intelligence / Knowing schema and Functionality grid

Your visual Intelligence / Knowing display will allow you to better understand How you are intelligent, your Learning Styles and Dimensions. The dimensions define your uniqueness as an individual; understanding self will help you develop not only those dimensional intelligences you may require in the realisation of your beliefs, but also be more productive.

Your Functionality grid will allow you to better understand how you are functional multi dimensionally and from four perspectives:-

Multi- dimensions:

Interests, Motivational Needs, Relating to others individually, Relating to others in groups, Systems and procedures, Authority relationships, Making decisions, Personal independence / space.

The four perspectives:-

Interests.

Intellectual functionality (your usual effective organisational style),

Needs.

Behaviour (your usual active behaviour and stress behaviour)

Belief systems

Your Belief systems will allow you to understand how you construe your "ability". There are two belief systems that affect your perceptive functioning, self regulation, motivation and emotions - viewing ability as an *acquirable skill*, or viewing ability as an *inherent capacity*.

Areas of Interest

Once you have an understanding about your perceptive and relational characteristics, the **PPM** Report targets more specifically your areas of interest.

Interests are important factors in the personal fulfilment of pathways. If you are forced to undertake activities and/or tasks that do not align with interests, motivation is difficult to maintain.

Nature pattern imagery used throughout the **PPM** Report, applying Naturalist intelligence, enables the realisation of explanatory visual displays so as to provide not only clarity, but also solutions to problematic issues in relation to you, and your learning process.

The **PPM** Report constitutes an interconnected concept, an all embracing beneficial assembly of components in their proper relationships, in Dialectic Unity, for enhanced learning and competency outcomes.



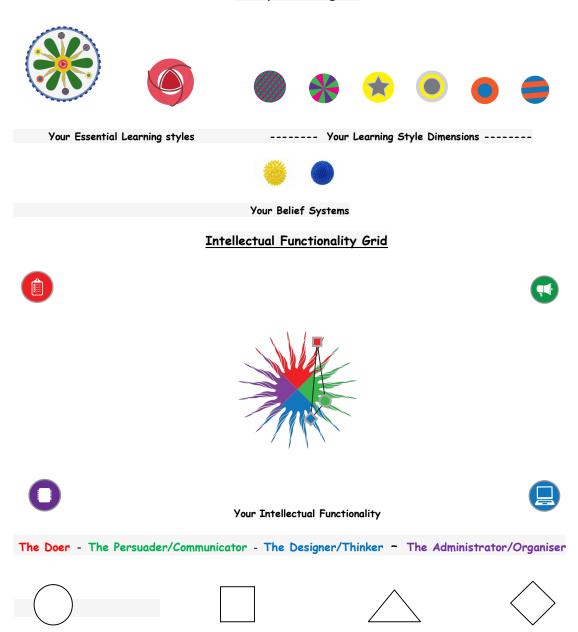




Pin Point Me Report

Where and how you figure in these pictographs?

Perception Ideogram





Needs

Stress Behaviour

Usual Functional Vein

Interests

Discover how you are Intelligent / Knowing

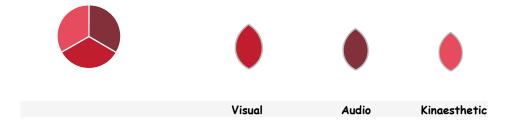
Complete Questionnaire I



Your Essential Learning Styles

Visual - Audio - Kinaesthetic Intelligence

You are likely to have more than just one Learning Style; you may find that you have some responses in each category and therefore the category with the greater number of responses may be your dominant Learning Style.



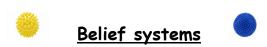
Your Learning Style Dimensions



Independent / Collaborative

Deductive / Inductive

Left-Brain / Right-Brain



Acquirable Skill/Competency

Self-Diagnostic

Orientation

Orientation

Discover how you are Intellectually Functional

Behavioural Style Interests Your interests are the kind of activities / tasks you usually prefer. Usual Functional Disposition How you usually function in normal conditions - your effective style. Needs Reactive Behaviour

If support or motivational needs are not fulfilled, you may become stressed; Reactive Behaviour reflects how you tend to behave under stress conditions, and how your Usual Functional Style, changes.

Which of these four symbols, rudimentary characterisations of four types of individual, is most like you? With the introduction of multiple dimensional factors, your profile will take on a hue to reflect a true picture as to how you are intellectually functional from four perspectives - Interests, Usual Functional Disposition, Needs, Reactive Behaviour/Stress behaviour.

- The **Doer** tends to organise others by working through people in the attempt to attain goals, is dynamic, and prefers direct involvement.
- The *Persuader/Communicator* tends to organise others by working with people in the attempt to attain gaols, is dynamic, and prefers direct involvement.
- The **Designer/Thinker** is a planner and usually prefers a support role in resolving problems, tends to work with others, is low-key, and prefers indirect involvement.
- The *Administrator/Organiser* is methodical and prefers a regulated environment, tends to work through others, is low key, and prefers indirect involvement.

Pay attention to how closely your attribute symbols are to the borders dividing the four quadrants. For example, when your 'circle' is close to a quadrant border, you may have interests from either side of the quadrants. The closer your symbols are to the centre of the grid, the more likely you are to be affected by the characteristics of the other quadrants.

Your area(s) of interest — this/these area(s) defines the types of activity you tend to prefer, the activity / activities that captivate you, that bring you pleasure and fulfilment. Satisfying your interest(s) is a key to both a successful pathway, and a gratifying lifestyle.

Interest does not necessarily relate to skill or inclination; you could, for example, really enjoy and value music without being a musician, or have a profound interest in science without necessarily having qualifications in the field; however, when your interest in an area is high, it can be a strong motivator.

The ideographs and grid colours featured in several report formats, indicate the various individual functional styles, or composite of functional styles described through the **PPM** Report.

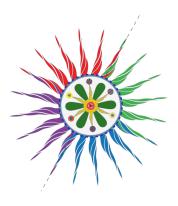
- The Doer Red
- The Persuader / Communicator Green
- The Designer / Thinker Blue
- The Organiser / Administrator Purple

Visualise your overall Behavioural Style

The Intellectual Functionality Grid, is a broad visual representation of questionnaire II outcomes, and is based on a model of how people tend to function and behave in general. Remember that it is cognition, perception, that is central and critical to self-regulation to the way you function, hence the Perception pictograph in the very centre of the Intellectual Functionality Grid. This pictograph can help you to:-

Direct Involvement

People- oriented



Task- oriented

Indirect Involvement

- <u>Clarify your communicative style</u> you are a more <u>direct</u> communicator, represented by the two top quadrants, the <u>Red</u> and <u>Green</u> colour quadrants and ideograms
- <u>Reveal your focus</u> are you <u>Task-oriented</u>, represented by the two left quadrants, the <u>Red</u> and <u>Purple</u> colour quadrants and ideograms,
 - or People-oriented by the two right quadrants, the Green and

Blue colour quadrants and ideograms

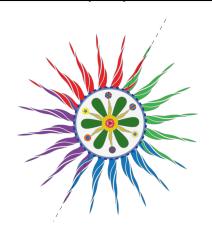




<u>Discover your unique strengths</u> - are you a <u>Designer</u> / <u>Thinker</u> <u>Persuader</u> / <u>Communicator</u> - <u>Doer</u> - <u>Organiser</u> / <u>Administrator</u> ?

Your Interest(s)

The kinds of activities/tasks you prefer, that give you pleasure



Interest(s)

The Activity / Task type you like most

(Highlighted and underlined in **bold** print)

Activities atypical	Activities atypical	Activities atypical	Activities atypical
of Red	of Green	of Blue	of Purple
	©		0
Implementing/Doing	Promoting	Designing /Planning	Organising
Seeing a Finished Thing	Persuading / Motivating	Dealing with Abstraction	Doing Detailed Work
Solving Practical Problems	Teaching / Counselling	Thinking out new Ways	Keeping close Contact
Organising	Influencing	Innovating	Working with <u>Systems</u>
Working through People	Working with People	Working with Ideas	Working with Symbols

What Motivates you?

<u>Motivational Needs</u>	<u>Motivational Needs</u>	
<u>Doer</u>	<u>Persuader</u> / <u>Communicator</u>	
Plenty to do	Discussion and debate	
Clear-cut decisions/tasks	Novelty and change	
Strong supervision	Competitive relationships	
Tangible benefits	Independent action	
Organiser / Administrator	<u>Designer</u> / <u>Thinker</u>	
Knowing exactly what to do	Freedom from social demands	
Scheduled activities	Time for decisions	
Feeling part of the group	Low-key direction	
Clearly defined authority	Personal, warm relationships	

The dimensions of your Interests and Motivational Needs

Interests ~ artistic, clerical, mechanical, musical, numerical, outdoor, persuasive, scientific, social services, Literary.

Needs ~ Motivational Needs

<u>Esteem</u> ~ relating to others individually <u>Thought</u> ~ making decisions,

Acceptance ~ relating to others in groups, Freedom ~ personal independence / space

Structure ~ systems and procedure,

Control ~ authority relationships,

Advantage ~ teamwork and individual competition,

<u>Activity</u> ~ action or reflection oriented, <u>Positive Self-image</u>,

Empathy ~ objectivity and subjectivity, Self-critical Image.

Change ~ managing varied assignments,

Your Usual Functional Disposition

The productive way you set about your tasks

(Highlighted in **bold** print reflects how you **set about your tasks**)

Friendly, Decisive and Energetic, Competitive, Frank, Outgoing, Logical
Task-oriented - Objective, Detached Style
Direct Involvement - Outgoing, Forceful Style
Competitive, Assertive, Flexible, Enthusiastic about New things
 People-oriented - Subjective Style
Direct Involvement - Outgoing, Assertive Style
Insightful, selectively Sociable, Thoughtful, Reflective, Optimistic
People-oriented - Subjective Style
Indirect Involvement - Lower-key Style
Orderly, Concentrative, Cautious, Insistent
Task-oriented - Objective, Detached Style
Indirect Involvement - Lower-key Style

Your Needs



The support you need to develop your Usual Functional Disposition

(Highlighted in **bold** print reflects your **Usual Functional Disposition**)



Encouragement of group interaction

The offer of clear-cut tasks / situations

The availability of a busy and engaging schedule

The opportunity to function in your usual functional vain / style



Encouragement of a competitive spirit

The opportunity to be consistent with your usual functional vain /style

To be allowed flexibility

To be allowed the introduction of novelty, variety and interest



To be allowed to offer individual support

To be allowed and be encouraged to express your feelings / thoughts

To be allowed time for reflection / thinking

To be allowed time for difficult decisions / difficult problems solving issues



To be allowed an organised approach

To be allowed to concentrate on tasks

To be operative in a stable environment of trust

To be allowed to be consistent, to be allowed a routine

Needs	To satisfy your Needs
Casual, matter-of-fact relationships Strong, direct authority Outlet for your energy Directive scheduling Individual approval	Seek relationships which allow casual, frank communication Find opportunity for strong, direct authority Build broad scheduling into your life Stay in energetic environments Spend time in environments which are
Defined authority Varied activities Broad scheduling Individual reassurance Direction by suggestion Stimulating activities To create own schedule	active and have defined authority Build broad scheduling into your life Arrange time with inclusive, compatible, and friendly groups Spend time with individuals who offer personal reassurance Seek out involvement with stimulating activities that emphasise novelty and discovery Build relationships with people who give suggestions rather than forceful
Friendly, but causal relationships Specific direction and control Demanding projects Close scheduling	direction Seek out environments that provide structure and specific directions Take time to be with individuals that allow friendly, but casual communication Build predictability into relationships and key processes

Your Stress Behaviour



When circumstances do not meet your needs, or people don't deal with you the way your needs suggest, you are likely to become reactive in behaviour ~ Stressed

(Highlighted in **bold** print reflects your **Stress Behaviour**)



You are inclined to find it difficult to provide individual support

You tend to become somewhat impatient

You are inclined to be "otherwise engaged" for the sake of it



You tend to ignore the feelings of others

You tend to be more easily distracted

You are inclined to distrust others







You tend to become indecisive and dither

You are inclined to remain inert



You are inclined to see only negative possibilities

You tend to become over-insistent on rules

You are inclined to resist necessary change

You tend to be reluctant to confront others

You are inclined to be taken in

Recurring Stress

Recurring Stress	Recurring Stress
<u>Doer</u>	<u>Persuader</u> / <u>Communicator</u>
Unsympathetic	Defensive
Authoritative	Concerned with saving face
Dogmatic, Obdurate	Argumentative
Impulsive	Resistant to rules
Tense	Easily side-tracked
Impatient	
Organiser / Administrator	<u>Designer</u> / <u>Thinker</u>
Excessively factual	Sensitive to criticism
Over-controlling	Easily hurt
Opinionated	Idealistic
Nervous of the unexpected	Withdrawn
Resistant to change	Hesitant to make changes

(Highlighted in **bold** print reflects your **Recurring Stress**)

There are other influences that can trigger Stress Behaviour in a learner; sometimes the origin may be a physical illness, fatigue, personal trauma, or a prolonged life style change. More commonly though, the cause of your reactive behaviour is an actual or perceived inability to have some motivational need fulfilled. Even during intense stress, your actions usually remain fairly consistent but may not necessarily reveal the way you feel. As with Interests, there are variable dimensions affecting the other three areas of personality ~ Active Behaviour, Needs, and Stress Behaviour.

It is these variable dimensions that reveal attitudes and feelings; dimensions such as esteem, acceptance, structure, authority, advantage, activity, empathy, change, thought, freedom and challenge. Usual Functional Style, Needs and Stress Behaviour; Usual Functional Style, or your effective Behaviour, reflects the way you would normally treat others, whereas Needs indicate the way you would prefer to be treated. Stress Behaviour or Reactive Behaviour indicates the way you are likely to behave when your Needs are not fulfilled.

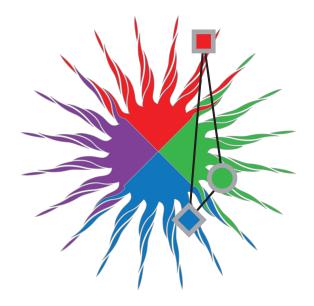
Stress Behaviour	<u>Adjusting your</u>	
(if needs are not met)	Stress Behaviour	
You tend to become impatient You tend to dismiss / ignore the feelings of others You tend to become "busy" for the sake of doing You find it more difficult to give individual support	Take time to be thoughtful, sensitive and reflective Look for subtleties of the situation Practice being positive	
You tend to become more easily distracted You tend to become a little distrustful of others You tend to become somewhat domineering You tend to deviate from the agreed plan	Concentrate on essential details Slow down, become more alert, orderly and organised Work on listening to others	
You tend to ignore social convention You tend to become indecisive You find it difficult to take action You tend to see the worst possibilities You are inclined to be pessimistic	Communicate in a more frank and logical manner Move your decision making process toward closure more quickly Work to make your voice heard more effectively in groups as well as one-to-one encounters	
You are inclined to become over- insistent on rules and regulations You tend to resist necessary change You are inclined to be reluctant to confront others	Demonstrate open enthusiasm about new ideas Speak up and push your point of view – ideas and concerns Strive to understand the importance of being flexible when change is occurring	

You ~ represented Pictographically

A Portrayal of your Usual Functional Disposition and

Stress Behaviour

The closer a symbol is to the line dividing the quadrants, the greater the probability that interests may be influenced by characteristics on either side of the dividing line. Conversely, Needs, Usual Functional Disposition and Stress Behaviours may be influenced also. The closer the symbols are to the centre of the grid, the more likely they may be influenced by the characteristics of all other quadrants.



Your Interests

Persuasive, likes to counsel, act as a mentor, likes innovative new approaches, prefers building agreement with people, likes to influencing people.

Your Usual Functional Disposition

Open, receptable, accessible, decisive, energetic, indefatigable, frank, outspoken, logical, sensible, practical.



Your Stress Behaviour

Social conventions may be ignored, may become listless and indecisive, may become somewhat inert, may become subject to depression, seeing the worst of possibilities, may be easily distracted, may become somewhat distrustful of others, may become somewhat overbearing, may fail to follow an greed plan, course of action. (Intellectually Functional Profile of Richard Roest)